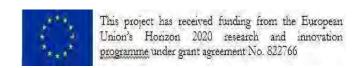




gE.CO Final Conference

Friday 28 January from 9:30 to 12:30 CET

Generative Commons Living Lab Horizon 2020 Project







Agenda

Moderators: Daniela Patti & Yilmaz Vurucu, Eutropian			
09:30 - 09:35	Welcome	Moderators	
09:35 - 09:40	Introduction to gE.CO Project	University of Turin	
Presentation of gE.CO Project Outcomes			
09:40 - 09:45	gE.CO Survey	Bru Laín, University of Barcelona	
09:45 - 09:50	gE.CO Map	Alberto Rondelli, University of Turin	
09:50 - 09:55	gE.CO Toolbox: Online Tools for the Commons	Sarah Armouch, University of Newcastle	
09:55 - 10:05	gE.CO Museum	Stefania Proli, Spazi Indecisi	
Tools and Policy Recommendations from the gE.CO project			
10:05 - 10:15	Introduction to Toolkits and Legal Aspects of the Commons	Antonio Vercellone, University of Turin	
10:15 - 10:25	Temporary Use Offices	Patrizia Di Monte	
10:25 - 10:35	Governance for the Commons	Verena Lenna, Community Land Trust Brussels	
10:35 - 10:45	Diversity and Inclusion in the Commons	Ioannis Efthymiou, Open Lab Athens	
10:45 - 10:55	Break		

Supportive Commons Policies: Local Experiences			
10:55 - 11:10	Torino	Emanuela Saporito, LABSUS/Politecnico di Torino	
11:10 - 11:25	Grenoble	Xavier Perrin, Grenoble Municipality	
11:25 - 12:25	Panel Discussion and Q&A: How to Support the Commons across Europe?	Speakers and Commoners	
12:25 - 12:30	Conclusion	Moderators	

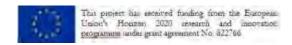




Assessment phase

Public Database, Survey and Results



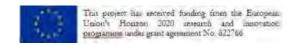




Assessment phase

Public Interviews - Surveys Results







Public Database

Interviews - Surveys

Results

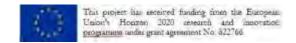
220 cases

- 100 cities from 16 countries.
- Policies (top-down & bottom-up)
- Communities (formal & informal)
- Thematic areas (12): Culture & Arts; Politics; Ecology; Sport & Leisure, Housing, etc.



gE.CO Map - interactive and collaborative.







Public Database

Interviews - Surveys

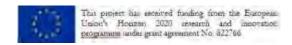
Spaces / Projects

Results

56 cases

- Geographical distribution: 43 cities & 15 countries.
- Different cases:
 - Policies (top-down & bottom-up)
 - Communities (formal & informal)
- Different thematic areas.





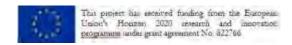


Public Database Interviews - Surveys Results

Final report

- On the interviews' information.
- Qualitative & Quantitative assessment.
- Toolkits and Museum were set up on it.
- Built from & for communities, policymakers & scholars.







Data availability

PUBLIC DDBB generative-commons.eu/database/

gE.CO MAP geco.firstlife.org/wall?entityName=&entityType=&categoriesId=&tagName=&drawin g=false&entityOwner=&coords=907460.3476206011,5916837.415466886,5

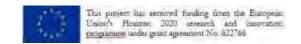
g inicoccontity of who is accorded to 1400.047 02000 11,00 10007.410400000,0

SURVEY generative-commons.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/01/D3_1gE_COtemplate.pdf

REPORT generative-commons.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/Summary-of-survey-results.pdf PRESENTATION https://www.facebook.com/991706884363679/videos/1135648220217483

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GEO-LOCALIZED CIVIC SOCIAL NETWORK for local communities and urban commoners

- It is based on an interactive map
- It fosters **self-organization** initiatives and **collaboration** practices
- It addresses persons not as private individuals but in their role of citizens living in the same spaces

.





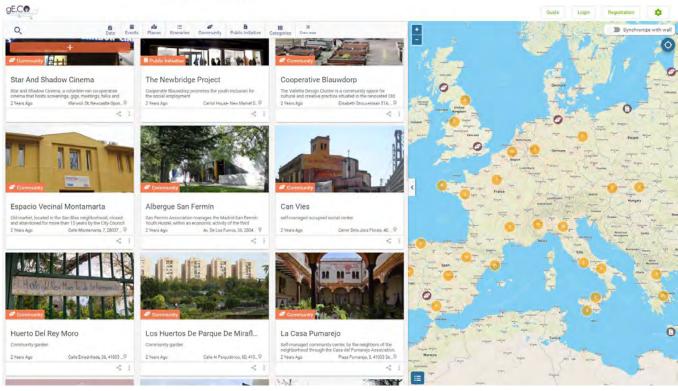
An interactive European-wide overview of generative commons

- An instrument for **coordination and collaboration** among commoners, both locally and internationally
- It allows the **visibility** of the commons and their networks.
- It support communities and public intitiatives with **collaborative tools** and functionalities for **crowdsourcing and sharing ideas**, **events**, **news**.

.

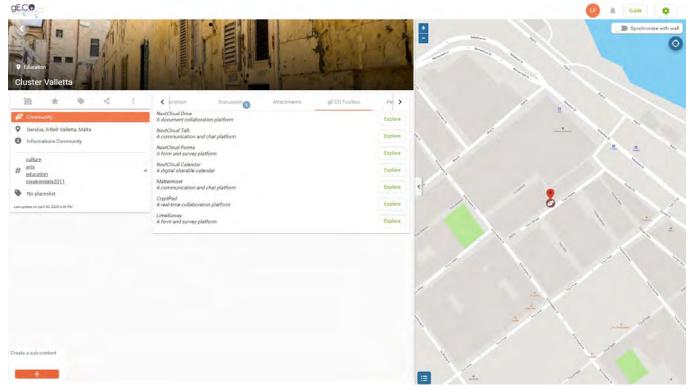








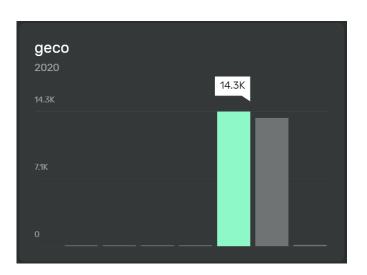


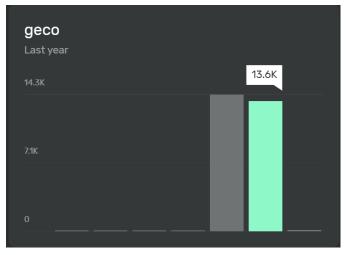






gE.CO Map total visits:







UNEW GE.CO TOOLBOX Sarah Armouch

28/01/2022

TOOLBOX

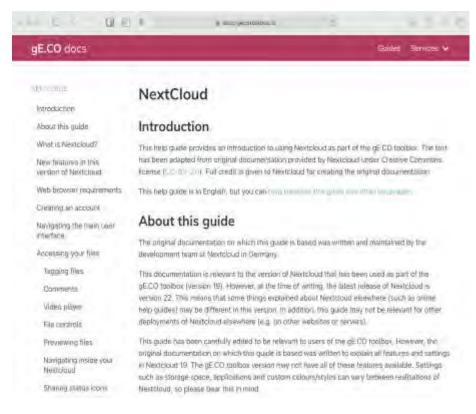
How does the gE.CO toolbox work in practice?

GE.CO TOOLBOX

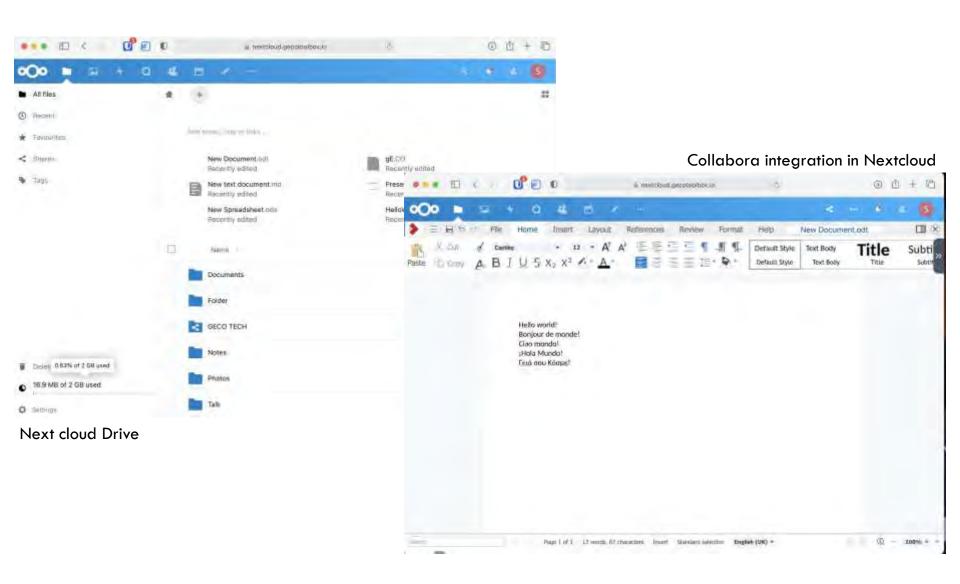
Six fully functional tools:

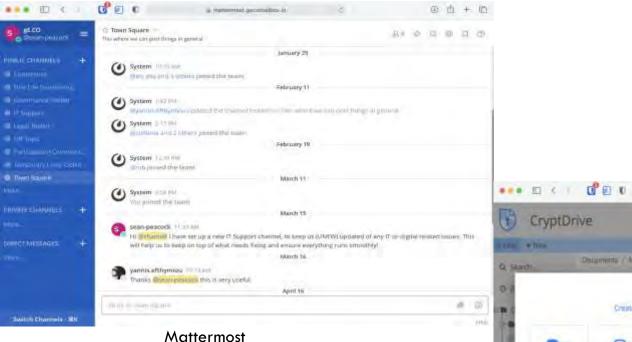
- Nextcloud (Drive, Talk, Forms, Calendar) – enhanced with Collabora
- Mattermost
- Cryptpad

Documentation for all of these services now online

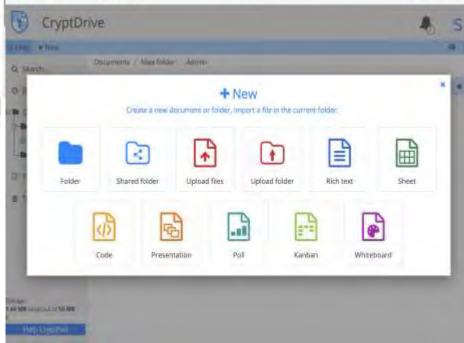


Extract from the documentation









OUTPUTS

- Den source systems available on:

 https://www.gecotoolbox.io (access the services tab to use the tools and docs tab for user's guides).
- ➤ Knowledge and code about how open source tools that are developed with different languages / frameworks can be put under the same "platform":

https://github.com/digitalinteraction/docs.gecotoolbox.io

DIGGING DEEPER: COMMUNITY RESEARCH

Collaborating with local initiatives to better understand access

DESIGNING OUR COMMUNITY RESEARCH

- ➤ 15 semi-structured interviews one on one, conducted over Zoom or telephone call: community centres, gardens, artists studios, action groups, property developers, co-housing schemes, mental health support and an events space
- Participatory workshop: exploring work-arounds, trade-offs, challenges, access to resources and opportunities for digital tech



This research forms part of the gE.CO Living Lab

the European Union.

project, a three-year research project supported by

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS & OUTPUTS

- Invest in efforts to tackle digital exclusion
- Support organisations in leveraging digital technologies through additional resources and through R&D opportunities
- Explore ways of creating new support structures, digital or otherwise, to enable commons groups to support each other
- Community report (email: s.armouch2@ncl.ac.uk for a copy)
- >Academic paper to be published in 2022

THANK YOU

For more info contact us at: s.armouch2@ncl.ac.uk





Stories of generative urban commons







Stories of generative urban commons

A museum that collects, connects and recounts, through **three thematic itineraries**, the spread of urban commons throughout

Europe, inspiring new experiences of regeneration and care of urban voids and communities.

Research and literature review























The process

gE.CO museum

Site visits











Face-to-face interviews





Online interviews



Collection of the museum

25 commons from 8 nations narrated through 3 thematic itineraries and 3 local focus

1

Reclaiming community spaces

2

Building an inclusive city

3

From industrial to cultural production

From squatting to urban commons

Focus: Barcelona

Spaces to exercise the right to the city

Focus: Greece

Towards a new productive culture

Focus: Italy

Fruition of the museum

OFFLINE

- Catalogue
- Exhibitions
- Postcards for each itinerary
- Site visits





ONLINE

- In the dedicated website of the museum you will find: the **maps**, the **commons profiles**, the **catalogue**, the opportunity to download the **DIY exhibition**.



GENERATIVE COMMONS

final conference · 28/01/2022



Temporary use toolkit

Patrizia Di Monte project partner









GOALS

[CREATE A TEMPORARY REUSE TOOLKIT]

The objective of the TUT is to establish a methodology that allows a global vision of all those processes necessary for the temporary reuse of abandoned buildings. It will specifically develop those aspects related to the space, assessing the different parameters that allow the reactivation of the spaces.

[PROVIDE METHODOLOGIES AND TECHNIQUES]

To develop specifically those processes related to space and those circumstances necessary to assess the different parameters that allow analyzing their viability and implementation.

[ALLOW SELF-BUILDINGS OPTIONS]

To offer a catalogue of actions, materiales and techniques of do it yourself

[CREATE A INDEX OF TEMPORARY REUSE]

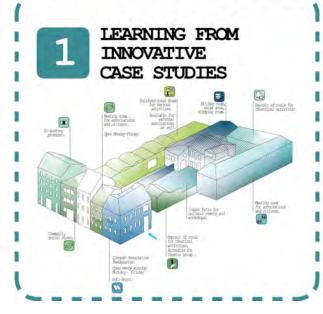
Index of opportunities evaluation to act in a building based on environmental, social and economic indicators.

[PROMOTE TEMPORY USE OFFICES]

O.U.T. offices will manage all procedures, facilitating to Public Administrations and to citizens, flexible dynamics that will allow the activation of mechanisms to reincorporate disused spaces in a cycle of new useful life.

WE HAVE DESIGNED 3 TOOLS FOR YOU ...











LEARNING FROM BEST PRACTICE

-Provide a CASE STUDIES analysis tool. -Facilitate the ordering of case studies that can stage the addressed processes.

GDM T.U. SUCCESS EXPERIENCES

[ESTONOESUNSOLAR] C.I + U.P. [OUT] U.P. + C.I.

gE.CO BEST PRACTICE

[ZINNEKE MASSUI] C.I. [LES GRANDS VOISINS] C.I. + I.I.



LEARNING FROM INNOVATIVE CASE STUDIES

GDM T.U. SUCCESS EXPERIENCES

[ESTONOESUNSOLAR] C.I + U.P. [OUT] U.P. + C.I.

gE.CO BEST PRACTICE

[ZINNEKE MASSUI] C.I. [LES GRANDS VOISINS] C.I. + I.I.

CASE STUDY 1
ESTONOESUNSOLAR
ZARAGOZA

(FROM CITIZENS INITIATIVE TO INSTITUTIONALIZED INITIATIVE TO URBAN FOLICY)



[FROM URBAN FOLICY TO CITIZENS INITIATIVE]



(CITIZENS INITIATIVE)



ICITIZENS INITIATIVE + INSTITUTIONALIZED INITIATIVE

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Patrizia Di Monte

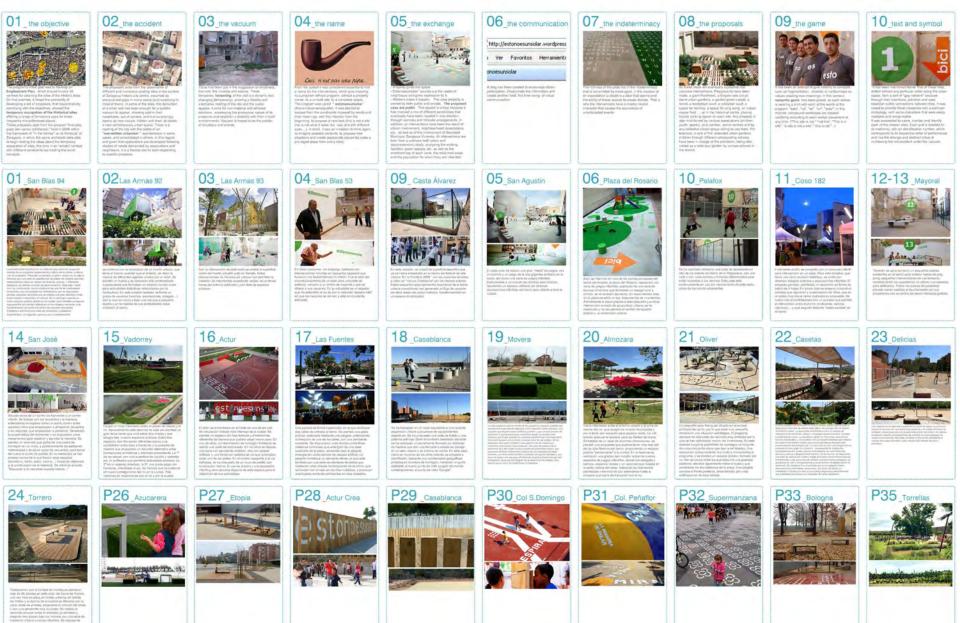


estonoesunsolar









estonoesunsolar· 32 temporary public spaces · Zaragoza

from citizens initiatives to institutionalised initiatives to urban policy



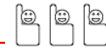
SAN PABLO c/ Armas 92- 94

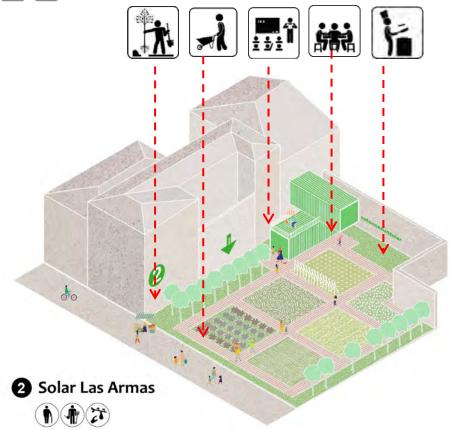


Original situation



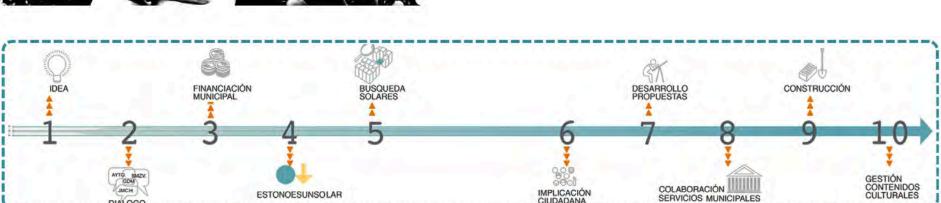






Pilot case temporary community garden





estonoesunsolar • 10 steps methodology to reuse empty spaces

GENERATIVE COMMONS

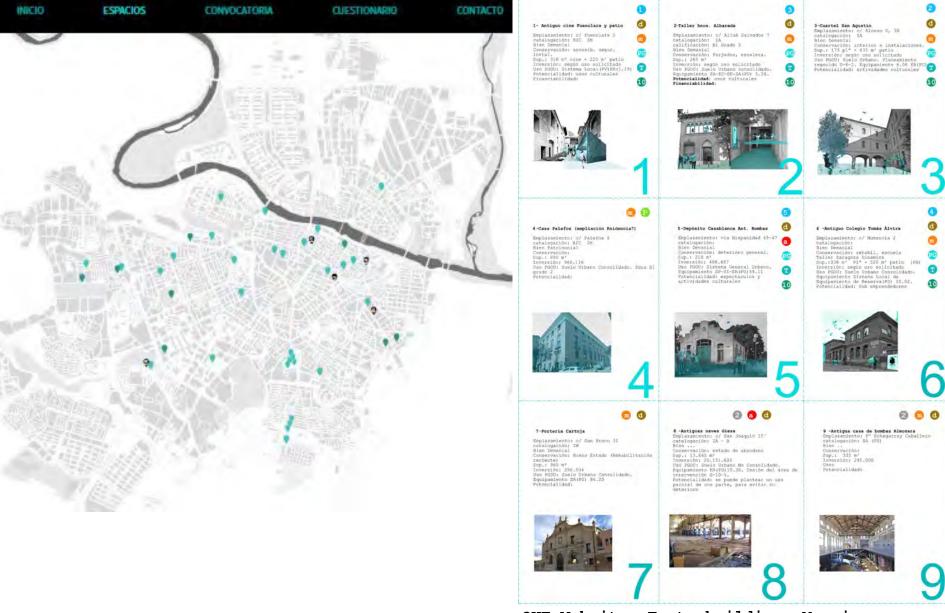
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Patrizia Di Monte









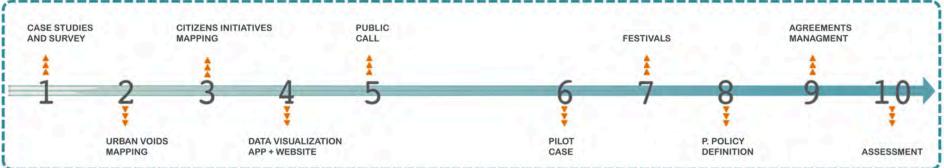
OUT Oficina Usos Temporales

From urban policy to citizens initiatives

OUT Website: Empty buildings Mapping + Heritage data sheet



... AND THIS IS HOW WE MADE IT!



OUT Oficina Usos Temporales • 10 steps methodology to reuse empty spaces

GENERATIVE COMMONS

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Patrizia Di Monte



250 EUROPEAN CASE STUDIES

You can add more on our map...



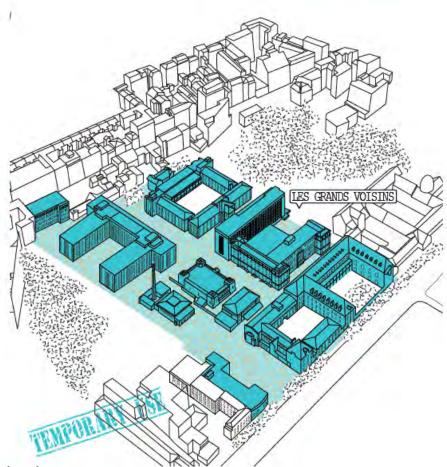




LES GRANDS VOISINS

Paris





Paris_ Les grands voisins:

Citizens initiative + Institutionalized Initiative

Les Grands Voisins, Plateau Urbain, Aurore, Yes We Camp 14° District, Bâtiment Robin Les Grands Voisins, Av. Denfert Rochereau

82, Paris , France 2015-2020















Instruction











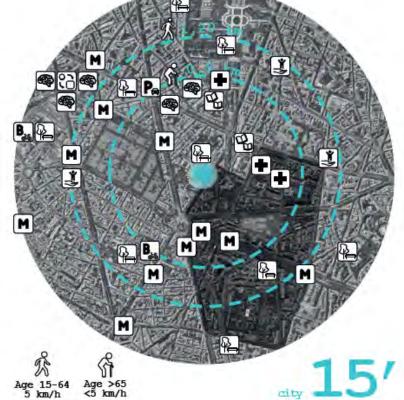








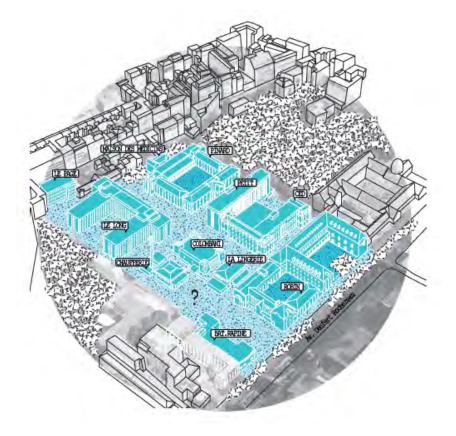


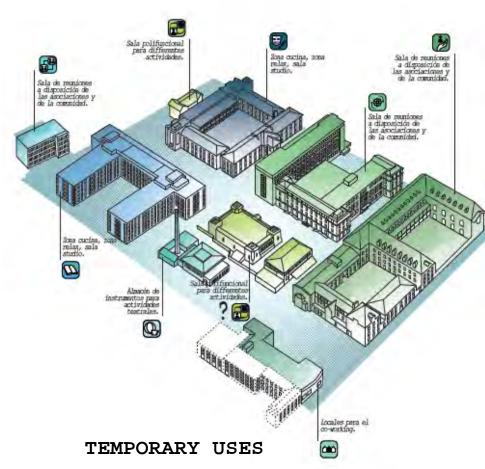


48° 50' 14.006" N 2° 20' 5.676" E









INITIATIVE DATA

In 2012 the association AURORE begins to occupy the unused area of the Hospital St Vincent de Paul creating emergency housing.

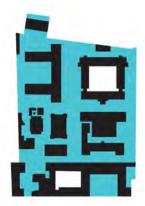
> PHASE I 2015-2017 occupation

The associations AURORE, YES WE CAMP and the cooperative PLATEAU URBAIN collaborate for the initiative LES GRANDS VOISINS, a new cooperative and supportive lifestyle. The activities develop on an area of about 3,4 hectares.

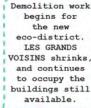


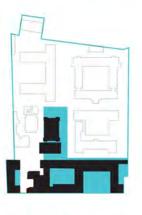


In outer space there are gardens, a bowling alley and a sauna.



20,000 m2 buildings 15.000 m2 pubblic spaces 600 hosted persons PHASE II 2018-2020 demolition cohabitation







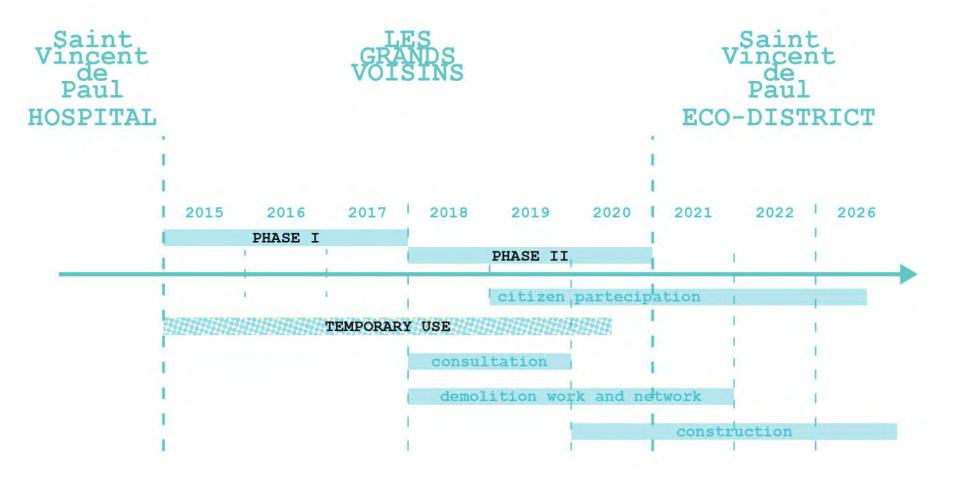
- 9.800 m2 buildings
- 3.000 m2 pubblic spaces
- 1.800m2 of commons
- 180 hosted persons
- 80 organizations

2020 end



The initiative LES GRANDS VOISINS ends after 5 years to give way to the new project of the eco-district.

Paris_ Les grands voisins: OUR STORYTELLING

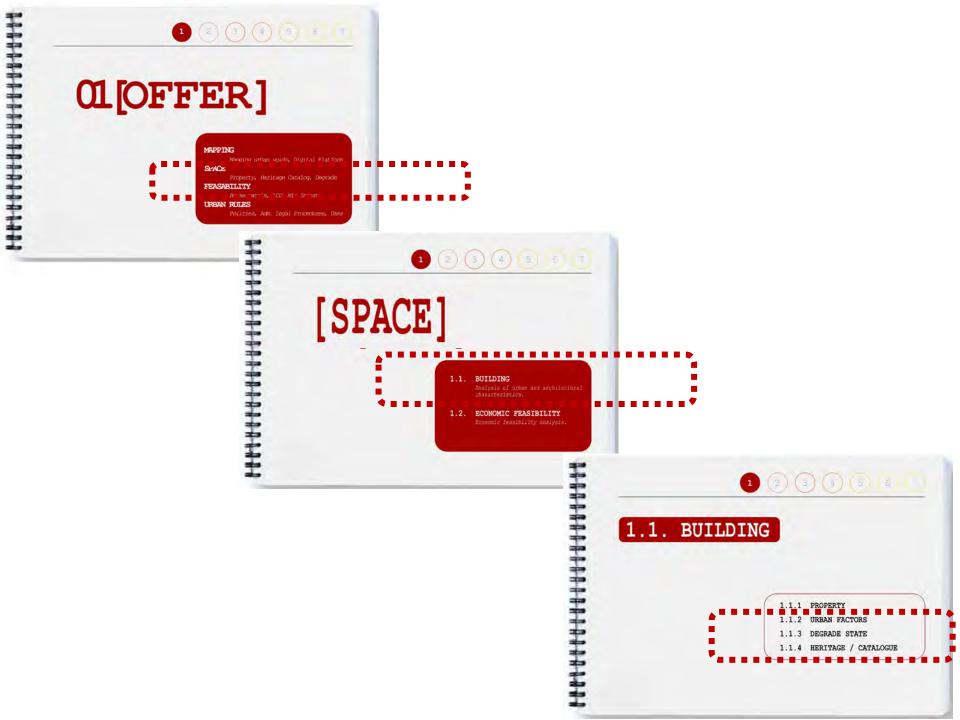


Paris_ Les grands voisins: TIME LINE

2

6 STEPS STRATEGY TO REACTIVATE EMPTY SPACES

OFFER	MAPPING SPACE FEASABILITY URBAN RULES	[Mapping urban voids digital Platform] [Property, Urban, Cat., Degrade] [Reuse Matrix, LCD, Minimum invest. SWOT] [Policies, Adm. Legal procedures, Uses]
DEMAND	CALL MAPPING C.I. PARTICIPATION PROJECTS	<pre>[Demand&Users&Spaces] [Mapping citizens initiatives] [Tours, Visit, Workshops] [Concept, Phases, Uses, Users, Evaluation</pre>
ASSIGNMENT	<pre>AGREEMENTS BUSINESS PLAN BENEFITS</pre>	<pre>[Legal Forms, Timing] [Activities, Employment] [Social + Urban Return, Inclusion]</pre>
funds -	O CALL FOR BIDS	[Local, National, European] [Sponsor, Crowdfounding, Fundraising]
IMPLEMENTATION	P.A. AREAS LOCAL ACTION GROUP ACTIVITIES	[Legal permits] [Project execution] [Starting point]
ASSESMENT	ASSESMENT PLAN	[Control, Report, Dissemination]





3

TEMPORY USE OFFICE

T.U.O.



Proposal of Temporary Uses Offices and Policies implementation in European cities to enhance the reuse of urban voids.

[PROMOTE TEMPORY USE OFFICES]

T.U.O. will manage all procedures, coordinating all engaged stakeholders, facilitating to both, Public Administrations (Local Administrative Working Group) and citizens, flexible dynamics that will allow the activation of mechanisms to reincorporate disused spaces in a cycle of new useful life.

... HOW COULD WE MAKE THE SAME?



WE HAVE MADE A BOOK TO UNVEIL YOU MORE ...





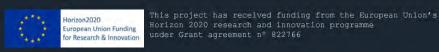
"TOOLS FOR THE GENERATIVE COMMONS" ISBN 9782960299403 Generative Commons House publisher

GENERATIVE COMMONS

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patrizia@gravalosdimonte.com GRAVALOSDIMONTE arquitectos



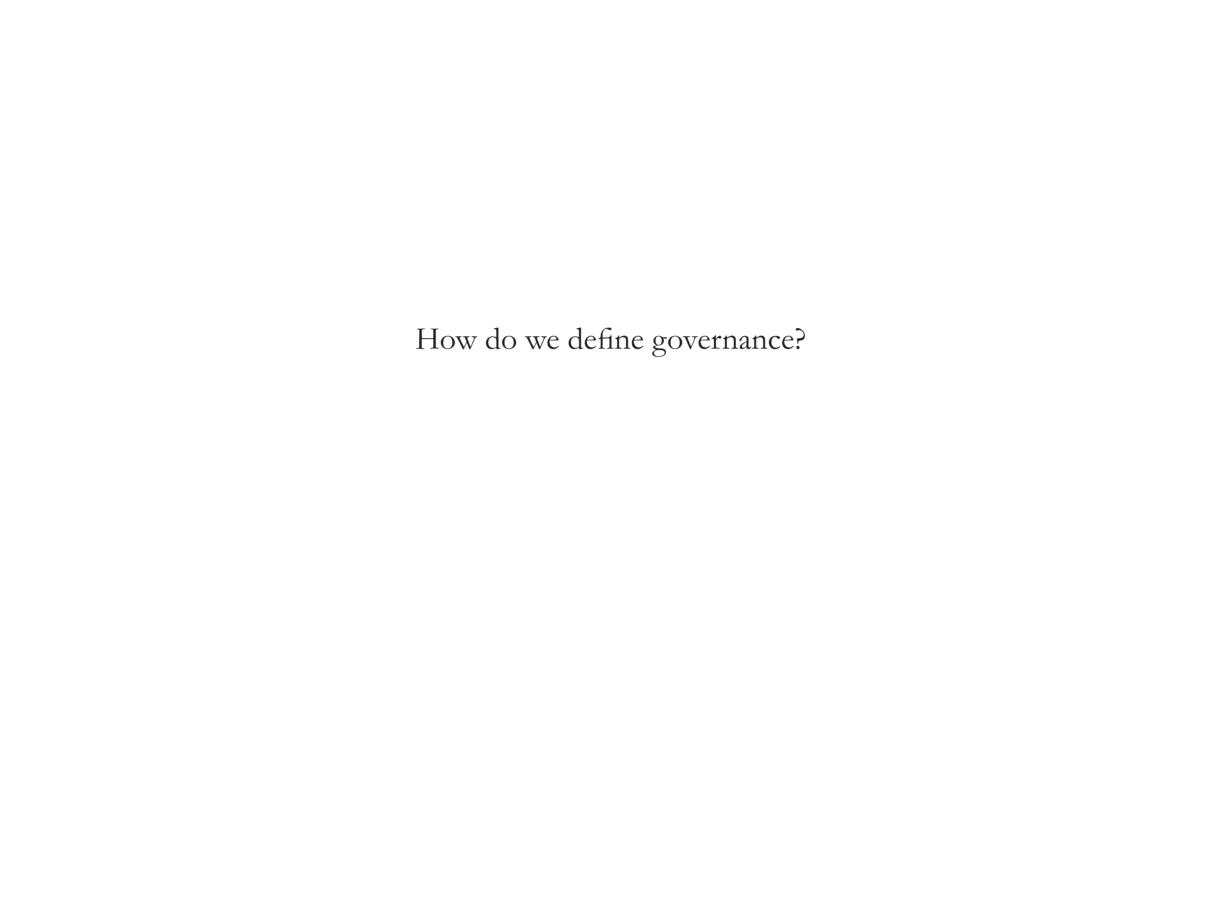




The Governance Toolkit

by Community Land Trust Brussels





Governance is about decisional systems as much as it is about governing the resources and a given living environment with the purpose of serving the mission of an organisation or community.

Shaped by the conditions within which a given organisation operates, governance is a holistic and site specific system.

How to support a commons-oriented initiative in designing the most adequate form of governance?

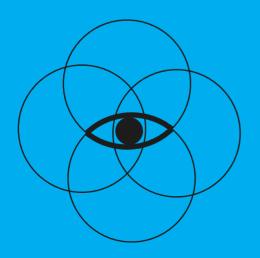
Our purpose in conceiving the toolkit has been designing the processes that could lead collectives to investigate their conditions, assess their capacities, envision their future, learn about the most appropriate choices in terms of legal and governance structures.

Three needs:

- Maintaining the **alignment with their mission and values** while redefining their future and preparing for growth.
- Learning about their **rights and responsibilities** and exploring and assessing the most appropriate forms of governance.
- Dealing with **space** and with the unavoidable impact it has one governance matters.

coach

Mirroring
Governing is growing



Coaching is based on the assumption that the person or organisation being coached has the answer and the capacity to address their challenges and issues.



Photo credit : Chloe Barbas. Edited by Verena Lenna.

4 steps

Imagining and envisioning

Assessing and project

Planning for action

Monitoring and measuring progress

maintaining
alternative profile

forthcoming goal: institutionalisation

increasing professionalisation

reinforcing partnerships

economic difficulties

1 YEAR: INFRASTRUCTURING

European projects

working on governance structure, communication and restructuring how Communitism works

reinforcing and valorising adjusting queer projects legal framework and

lack of political support

2 YEAR: ESTABLISHING

defining key professional figures and being able to remunerate some of them

establishing daily activities and programs

reinforcing the juridical axis

focusing on diffusing the model

growing decay and abandonment... as part of a speculative strategy?

situation

establishing Communitism as an umbrella association

increased collaborations
with international
cultural centres

reclaiming a second or a third building

4 YEAR: REPRODUCING

refugees crises

political uncertainty

The aim of the game is not to win but to explore possibilities and solutions

Commons and Dragons
Roleplaying for the generative commons





Photo credit: Antonio Vercellone. Edited by Verena Lenna.

Knowledge

The simulative environment allows gaining new insights and perspectives

Variety of purposes: learning, negotiation or for addressing specific issues

Simulations can stretch the limitations of reality as much as needed. Fuelling dialogue and understanding of conflicting views

Promoting the encounter of a diverse range of actors

Engaging and inclusive

Allowing quick and experiencebased learning of commoning dynamics

Supporting decision-making processes

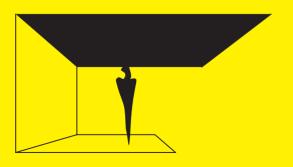
Subverting or levelling power relations

Promoting the collaboration with local actors by allowing them to acquire a new perspective

Enabling the exchange and interweaving of different forms of knowledge and expertise

Space Matters

A multidimensional modelling of governance



It is in relation to space that the functions, uses, rights and responsibilities of the concerned users and communities need to be organised in order to achieve a sustainable governance.



Photo credit : Permanent Brussels. Edited by Verena Lenna.

"Public toilets with showers and facilities may be a good option, on the ground floor and combined with sports activities."

"We need quite an open space, so people don't feel thresholds and cannot go in there. "

"We would like the City and Region to subsidise this space."

"We can create a cooperative and collectively own the ground floor."

"I am representing the Neighbourhood Assembly. We did some survey in the neighbourhood, and we are concerned about having another Pompidou." "As VUB we would like to have seminar spaces and to organise workshops." "We want to have a house, we don't care a lot about all the common spaces. We support common areas, but primarily we want a house."

"It is crucial that we have some activities in common, not only the building. And the public administration should have a role in defining that common ground, besides bringing funding."

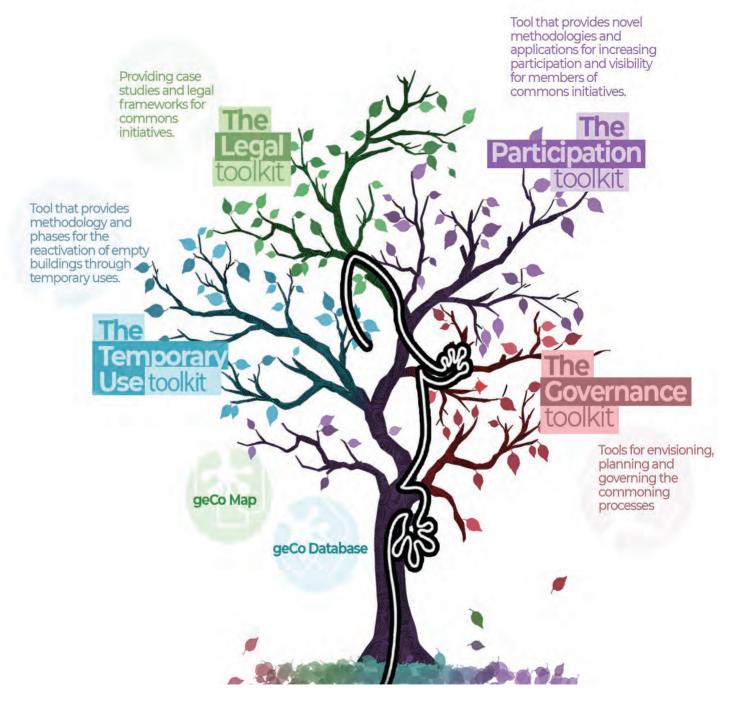
"We are not interested in organising the activities, we don't have the mental space to take care of that."

"Even though we do not own any of these spaces, we would like to have a voice in deciding what is possible and not possible to do."

> "First of all, we need to define what space we want to occupy for these activities."

The architectural model used for the Space Matters workshop during the summer school.

From process to tool



The tree that gives access to the toolkits on gE.CO's web page. Photo credit: Eutropian.

Thank you!



Participation model

gE.CO Final Conference 28.01.2022

Open Lab Athens





Promote visibility and participation

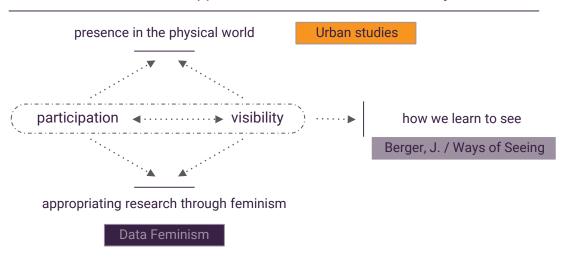
participatory action research as a tool and a process for







An inductive approach based on Grounded Theory





A mixed method approach of qualitative tools and techniques

in depth interviews



October 2019 to April 2020

focus group



online focus group with professionals on the field of women support and empowerment 22.01.2021

collective mapping



workshop with an LGBTQI+ community 10.09.2021

participatory actions



board game about empty buildings and dialog in the city 10.07.2021



theoretical approach empirical reflections



initial core concepts

empathy

feminism

inclusiveness



patriarchy





ASPECTS OF THE PARTICIPATORY MODEL



gE.CO Final Conference January, 28th 2021

SUPPORTIVE COMMONS POLICIES

Turin case study

Emanuela Saporito LABSUS/Politecnico di Torino



"Regulation on collaboration between citizens and the City for the care and regeneration of urban commons"

"States, Regions, Counties, Municipalities, Metropolitan cities and Town councils favor citizens to take independent individual or collective initiatives to develop activities of common interest, based on the principle of subsidiarity" (Article 118,4 of the Italian Constitution)

- favoring the protagonism of urban communities
- favoring indipendent initiative of active citizens (according to article 118, 4) for the general interest
- principle of equality between public administrators and citizens
- joint action





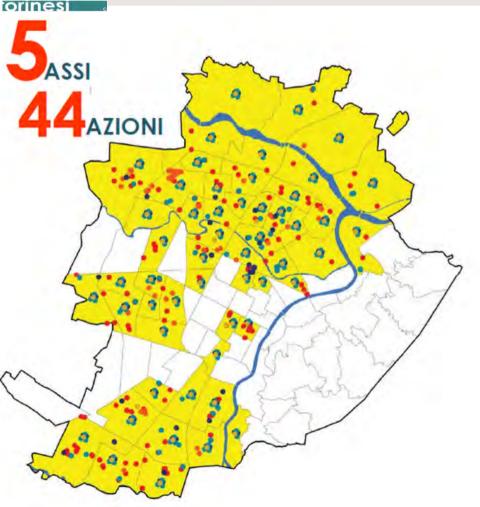
PACTS OF COLLABORATION

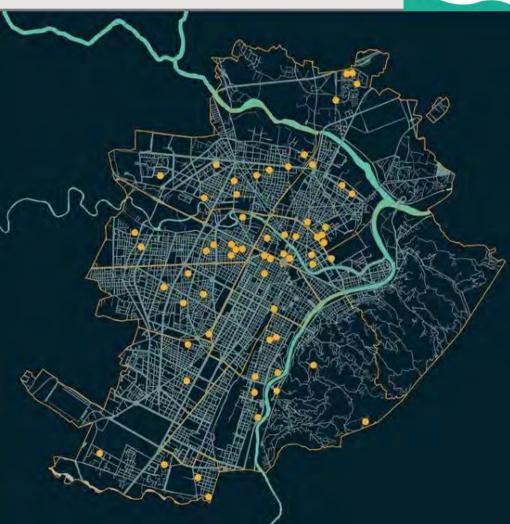


AxTO, 2017

CO-CITY, U.I.A. 2017











The collaborative management of urban commons to counteract poverty and socio-spatial polarisation

HOW?

3 categories of commons

A - ABANDONED OR UNDERUSED PUBLIC BUILDINGS

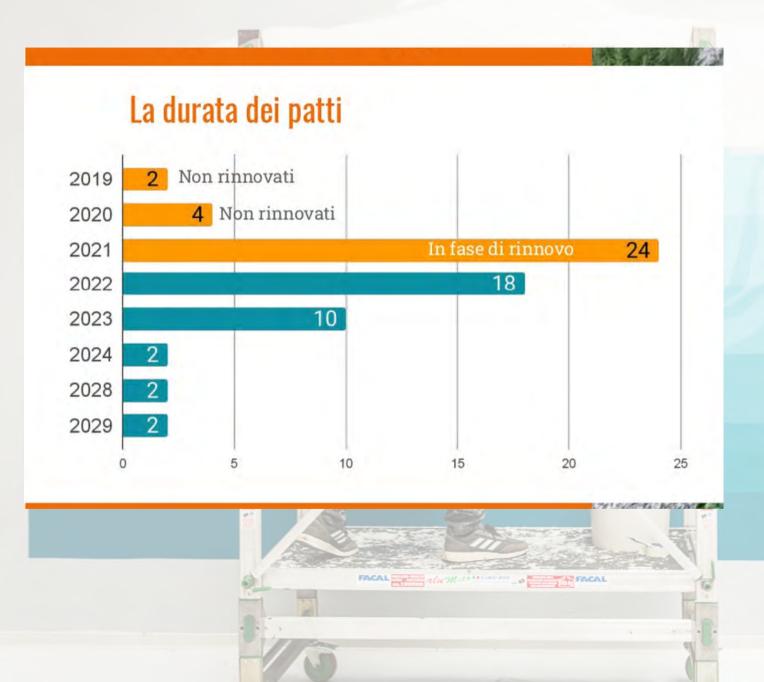
B-SCHOOLS

C - ABANDONED PUBLIC AREAS

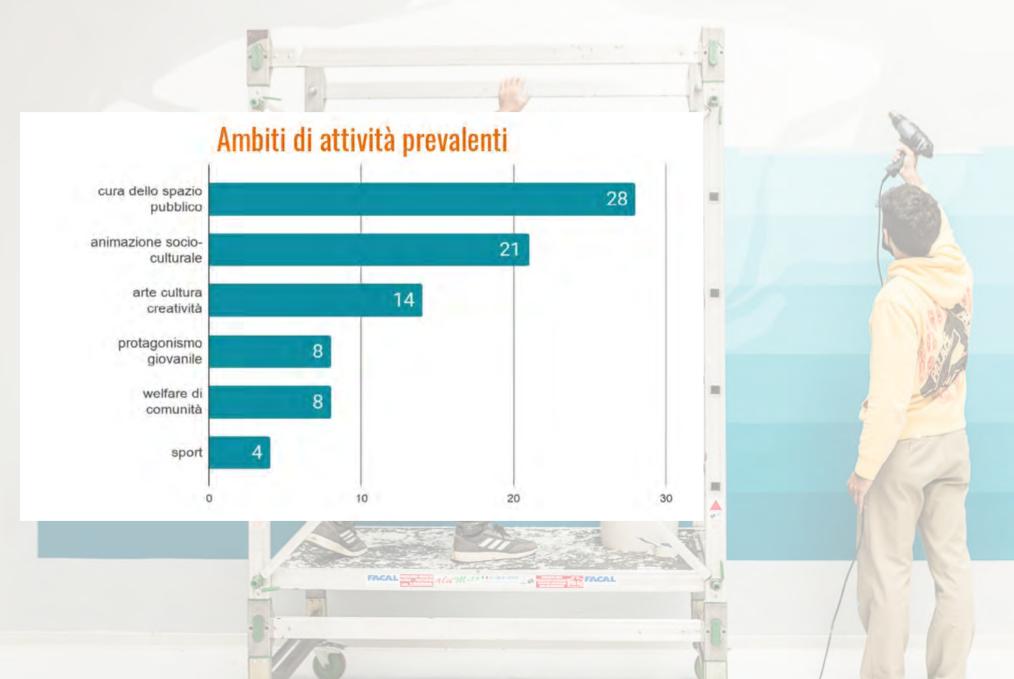


4 Pacts of collaboration on buildings 11 Pacts of collaborations on School 40 Pacts of collaborations on public spaces such as gardens, squares, streets, etc...

Elaboration of UFFICIO BENI COMUNI, CITTA' DI TORINO



Elaboration of UFFICIO BENI COMUNI, CITTA' DI TORINO













SCHOOLS AS GENERATIVE COMMONS

ON GOING RESEARCH:

"LA CITTÀ VA A SCUOLA" (POLITO, LABSUS, POLIMI, ARCHITETTI SENZA FRONTIERE, TORINO RESPIRA, LAQUO, ORME) SUPPORTED BY CSP FOUNDATION

"STEP. SCUOLE TERRITORI E PROSSIMITA" FIRB PROGRAM (POLITO, POLIMI, LABSUS, INDIRE)

THANK YOU

emanuela.saporito@polito.it info@labsus.net





Co-administrate the city

Commoning, contribution, and cooperation to preserve common goods and ressources and take care of the city

Anne-Sophie OLMOS
Xavier PERRIN
Commons mission
City of Grenoble

A political request (2017)

- Accompany the evolution of practices, those of the institutions as well as those of the citizens, by raising awareness of citizens, public service actors, associations and companies to what belongs to us in common and what we can/should take care of together;
- Communicate and engage in dialogue on what our commons are, identify how they are currently managed;
- Valuing existing initiatives within the city and in Grenoble on the commons and what allows for collective management of the commons.
- Support the evolution of the management of the commons towards more citizen participation by favouring co-creation. This may involve the city's own departments, its utilities, and all external actors from civil society and business.



Anne-Sophie Olmos Commons Councillor

Transition ... and preservation of common goods

- Control of common goods: water, district heating, energy
- From common goods to common administration and policies
 - a "Public Space and Citizenship" service
 - the example of public spaces as a common good "par excellence": public-commons partnerships: Let's garden our streets / Children's street / Workshops open to the public (COP) / Participatory budgets...
 - a "Commons" mission since July 2018
 - a partnership with the University (IEP, Faculty of Law)
 - A European educational tour "Enacting the commons"

Care about common goods

History and development of the Grenoble commons, particularly in the utilities (e.g. Water's Régie, Grenoble energy, Public Heating Company, social housing

Invite users to understand their history, their organisation and become contributors to the preservation of our "commons": users' committee



From commons to commoning

- Taking care of the city
- Protecting the commons
- Reconnecting with the territory through living and doing (building, gardening, etc.)
- Encouraging contributions and cooperation

Be part of an international movement close to municipalism





Strengths and values

- Solidarity and sharing
- Cooperation
- Resilience and adaptability
- Horizontality and laboratory of democracy
- Territorial anchorage and respectful management of resources
- Creativity and innovation
- Refounding local public service



Une communauté

qui **gère la ressource** et définit les règles

- usager·ère·s
- associations
- entreprises
- collectivités
- ...

Une ressource

partagée et à préserver

- matérielle : espace public, semences, machines, « outils »
 - immatérielle : **savoir**, logiciel, code génétique...

LES COMMUNS

Des règles d'accès et d'usage

qui organisent la vie de la communauté, permettent de résoudre les conflits et sont :

- partagées
 - collaboratives
 - adaptatives

L'accessibilité à la ressource

- possibilité d'accéder facilement et durablement à la ressource
- possibilité d'agir et de faire, même pour

les plus vulnérables

 la participation au projet collectif renforce la dimension sociale New criteria : inclusion, accessibility

Commoning and capabilities

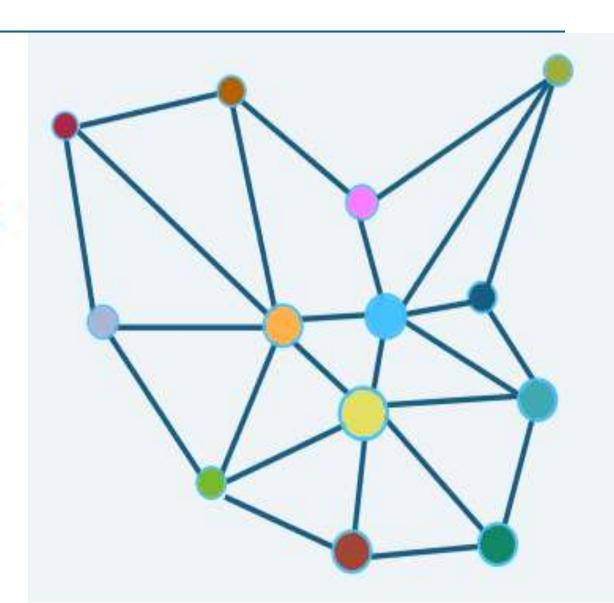
4 dimensions des communs de capabilités @ 08 @ 16 capteurs

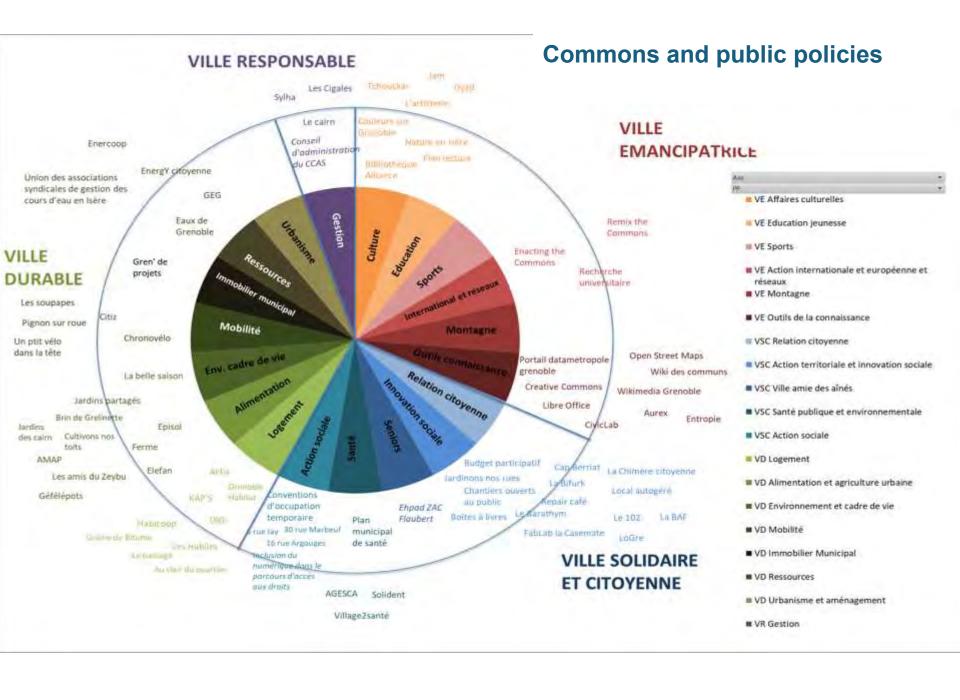


Auteur : Geneviève Fontaine

From commons to commoning

Cartographie de communs grenoblois





Examples of commons cases





LES AMIS DU ZEYBU

tin lieu de vie du quartier d'Eybenn

LA CITOYENNETE EN CIRCUITS-COURTS-

Suite à la fermeture l'epicario de quartier, l'association Les Arms du Zeybu est nes en 2005 pour restellèrer le quartier et proposer un concept atypique! Le mopérative d'habitants éle à approvisionner les habitants du quartier en produits de qualité taux des sircuits sourts. Ce besi de éle du quartier, participe à la régimération de la sitoyemeté et de bass de solidantés.



Ressource

Marché as local (pour les adhérents) un marti tous les quinze jours. Les commandes se font en amont sur le logiciel Zeybux.

Activités occasionnelles ouvertes à tous : marché de Noël, échange de livres, atelier pain, pizzas

Diffusion du concept, soilicitation de rencontres par d'autres acteurs ...

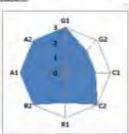
Convertance

Assemblée générale annuelle: bilan, proposition d'idées, et élection du Conseil d'Administration.

Conseil d'administration se réunit une fois par mois : décide des prientations de l'association.

Commissions: travail sur des sujets spécifiques (comptabilité, informatique, communication...)

Respect des régles communes (Charte) Chaque adhérent peut proposer et organiser des manifestations.



Communauté

Bénévoles: passent les commandes et les réceptionnent, conditionnent, distribuent.

Adhérents: Adhésion annuelle de 5¢ pour une seule personne, su 10¢ pour un même foyer; il est attendu d'eux des commandes régulières, la participation au marché et aux assemblées ou coincels

Local prêté par la mairie et subventions attribuées pour acheter matériel

Solidarité

La boucle solidaire, repote sur une contribution mutualisée. A chaque marché, les producteurs fond un don en nature proportionnel à leur commande. L'achat de ces dons par les adhérents, permet de créditer, de manière anonyme, les comptes des adhérents relevant de l'aide alimentaire (Eybens Accueil Urgence). Ce dispositif, le Zeybu solidaire facilité faccès à des produits de quatifié pour tous.

Dimension sociale: Lieu de convivalité, où l'on peut mener des initiatives collectives; Création de Gen, rencontre, échange entre habitants, pour aborder différentes problématiques (santé, économie, environnement .)

Dimension durable: Soutien aus producteurs locaux, circuita-courts, agriculture bio ou raisonnée. Recyclage des sacs de vracs, des boites d'œufs...

Les chilfres clés :

300 achérents

50 banacular actifs

1

L'[e] airn, un bien commun?



Créée en 2015, le Cairn est la monnaie complémentaire locale de la région grenobloise. Elle a pour but de dynamiser les échanges commerciaux sur le territoire et de favoriser l'activité des producteurs locaux. Le 14 mars 2019, Le Cairn lance sa version numérique, le [e]Cairn!

CONTRÔLEDES

MEMBRES

UN BIEN ÉCOLOGIQUE ET SOCIAL

VOCATION DURABLE une monnaie locale

pour favoriser les circuits courts ; créé un lien virtuel

VOCATION ÉCOLOGIQUE : réduire l'empreinte carbone de la

monnaie papier en dématérialisant

PARTENARIAT avec des structures sociales comme le

Centre Communal d'Action Social (CCAS)

UNE GOUVERNANCE PARTICIPATIVE

Le Comité d'Orientation se réunit 4 fois par an et est auvertà tout adhèrent de l'association

- TRANSPARENCE DE L'INFORMATION en amont et en aval (mail, mise en ligne des comptes rendus)
 - · DÉCISION AU CONSENSUS ou à la majorité qualifiée en cas de conflit · ÉLECTION du Comité de Pilotage (en

charge de l'opérationnel)

Le [e]Cairn est destiné.

- Aux adhérents de l'association
- A la région grenobloise et ses commerces locaux
- Aux personnes ayant un téléphone portable

Les adhérents sont PROPRIÉTAIRES. GESTIONNAIRES et USAGERS de l'[e]Caim !

UNE COMMUNAUTÉ **D'INCLUSION**

Utilisation sur VOLONTARIAT

RELATION AVE

VEN COMMU

PAIEMENT PAR SMS POSSIBLE!

Pas besoin d'un smartphone ^o^

- Un OUTIL MODERNE pour les professionnels.
 - ADHÉSION de nouveaux membres (Jeunes,



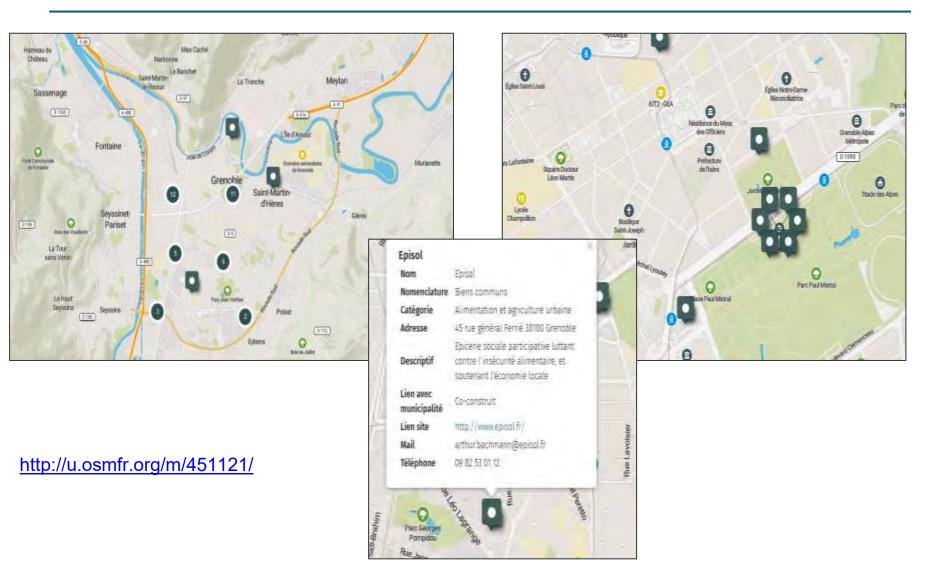
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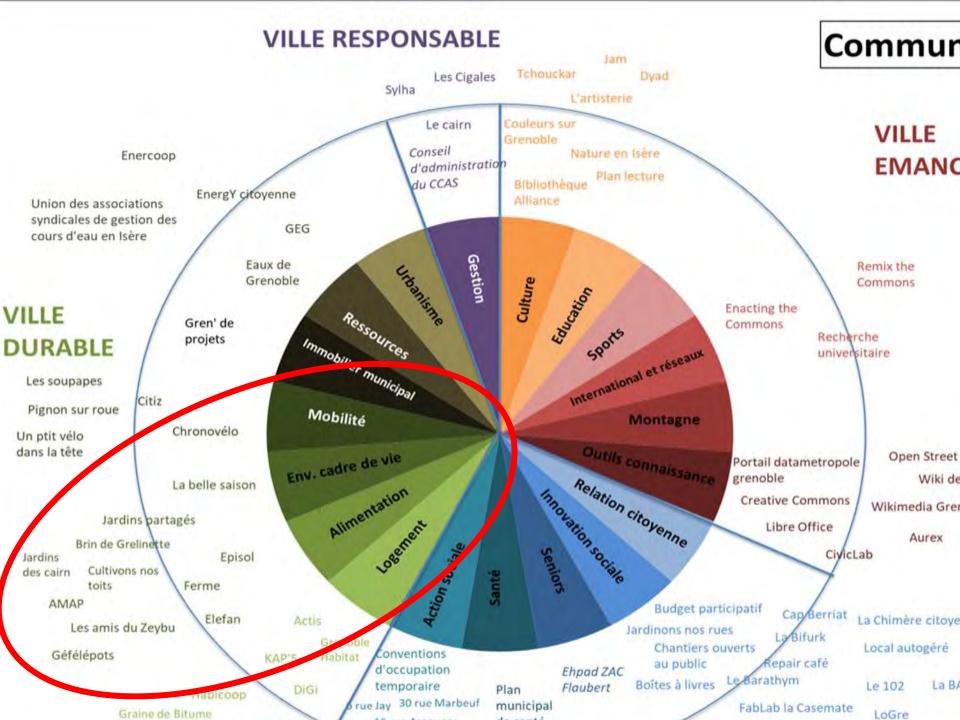
Réalisé par : Aline Camus, Lucile Beaumann, Abel Rosenstiehl, LéoTeillet

Morgane Balsamo, Margot Rat-Patron

Inspiré de Fontaine G. & Institut Godin (2016), Les Capteurs de communs de capabilités, ed Institut Godin, adapté par les étudiants & A Artis - Grenoble, Mars 2019

Mapping the Commons





Food and commoning





Working on commons is possible through a nice network



Public space, a forgotten common?

- Research shows very clearly that, in our societies, public space is no longer an extension of private space. The development of the private sphere, which is defended by all means to ensure its protection and security, leads to a sharp break with public space. The latter tends, by default, to oppose private space and to detach itself from it
- The city is not necessarily there to provide a service to the user, but to enable him to use and take ownership of the place
- Need to create projects that will enable residents to move away from the Client / Service Provider relationship
- => Creation of "Public Space and Citizenship" service

Objective: To develop the involvement of inhabitants in the transformation and improvement of their living environment with a common vision on the whole territory





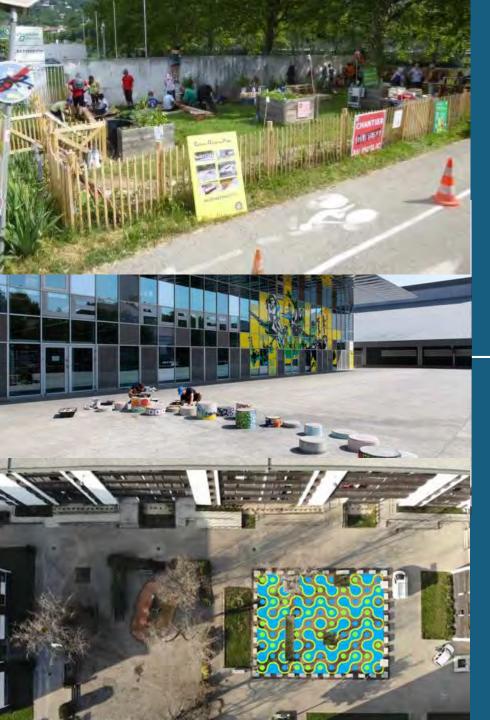
Work sites open to the public

Citizenship axis:

Give the city back to the citizens by involving them in the construction of facilities (sports ground, children's playground)

Provision of technicians
Co-design - co-construction

Example: COP Géants design and built with the inhabitants furniture corresponding to their wishes



Building sites open to the public

Proximity axis:

Reactive, local projects anchored in the timelines of the inhabitants (an objective of less than 6 months between the idea and the realisation)

Ex: COP Olympic Village: giving back the pleasure of being in a public place can be quick and light (paint on the ground,...). The idea came from the inhabitants and was used for a broad consultation of the neighbourhood, allowing us to talk about the living environment with a tool that is easy to implement. In all 13 COPs, more than 300 citizens mobilised

The commons of mutual aid











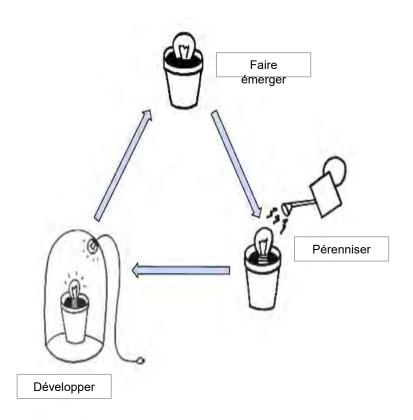
Affichettes posées, des mots dans les boîtes aux lettres, des échanges de balcons à balcons, etc.



The Embedded Jurists: a legal approach

(https://www.la27eregion.fr/9261-2/)

The objective of the project is to develop a mutualised knowledge around the legal issues of the commons and more precisely of places generating commons. It seeks to identify the relevant modes of resolution: good use of the law, adapted support formats for meanwhile uses in order to produce a reference system, to formulate proposals for the evolution of the law and to contribute to the emergence of adapted management.



Les Juristes Embarqués : first case : Grenoble

Les Chantiers Ouverts au
Public (COP)

La piscine Iris

Mise à l'abri







Relais sur le territoire : La Mission Communs de la ville de Grenoble

Les Chantiers Ouverts aux Publics



The "Chantiers Ouverts aux Publics" (Open Working Grounds) allow residents to suggest renovations and projects in public spaces. The City of Grenoble offers material and sometimes technical assistance, but leaves it up to the citizens to set up the project and carry it out.

Once the COP is successful, some people want to maintain it, go further, generate a larger collective, and this is where the legal issues arise:

What norms really exist in French law on the creation of urban furniture created by inhabitants and collectives? What are the legal risks for the inhabitants if they maintain the furniture they have created?

In order to respond positively to all of the proposed citizen projects, there is a need for a training process and legal safeguarding.

Legal expertise must therefore be developed on the related issues of occupying buildings with an increasingly diverse public.

IRIS swimming pool (Villeneuve)



In June 2015, the Grenoble municipality closed down the Iris swimming pool. What to do with this facility now?

This transformation of a facility into a place dedicated to water-related well-being activities was carried out in a collaborative manner. The aim is to create a social link between the inhabitants of the Villeneuve and other districts, contribute to the well-being of users, bring a positive image to the Jean-Verlhac Park, promote a learning space and generate sustainable local jobs.

The problem is to mobilise the financial, temporal and human resources to carry out this project, which is struggling to find the right way to be implemented.

Mise à l'abri et habitat transitoire



The City and the CCAS support experimental and innovative projects for collective living spaces for people without housing and without solutions or prospects through existing means: emergency accommodation, asylum seekers, supported housing, etc.

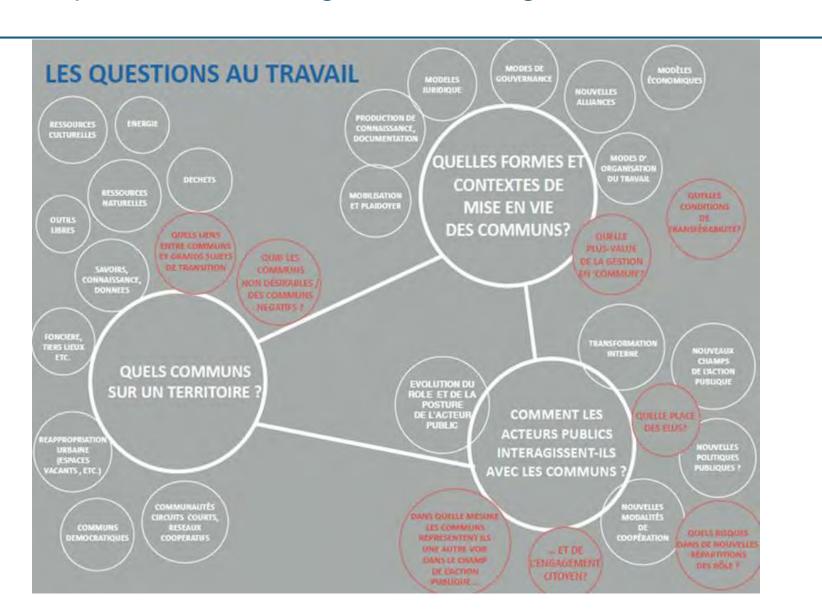
The absence of a solution is explained by the administrative or social situation or the lifestyle of the people concerned.

Buildings are then made available to groups constituted as associations within the framework of an agreement with the City of Grenoble.

The question raised by the embedded lawyers' project is how to make these shelter solutions more accessible and structured by agreement in vacant buildings, while maintaining the flexibility to adapt to the requesting public.

Enacting the commons

https://www.la27eregion.fr/enacting-the-commons/



Exchanges with Italy ...

"We know that the citizen has many resources to contribute to making this city a more beautiful and cared-for place. The duty of a public administration is to know how to connect these resources and to know how to support the ideas of the citizens"

Donato Di Memmo, Head of the Department for Shared Administration of the City of Bologna

towards the implementation of horizontal subsidiarity...

"Horizontal subsidiarity is politically satisfactory when citizens, by developing their autonomy of reflection and action, can situate their responsibilities in relation to other levels and demand that the latter exercise theirs."

Gilda Farrell, intervention at the Grenoble Biennial of Cities in Transition

national level

Taking care of the commons

Water referendum, liberation of heritage sites, etc.



Translation of horizontal subsidiarity



1- Co-administration Bologna model Labsus, Torino,...



2- Civic use Neapolitan model

Bolognese Model	Neapolitan model	
Drafting together between public administration and citizens	Citizens write the rules and the city accepts	
City controls what is done	City recognises the normative power of citizens	
The choice of spaces is sometimes to the detriment of certain communities	Communities choose spaces	
"Mortality" of pacts	Long-term	
Not very political, rather linked to technicians	Potential political issues	

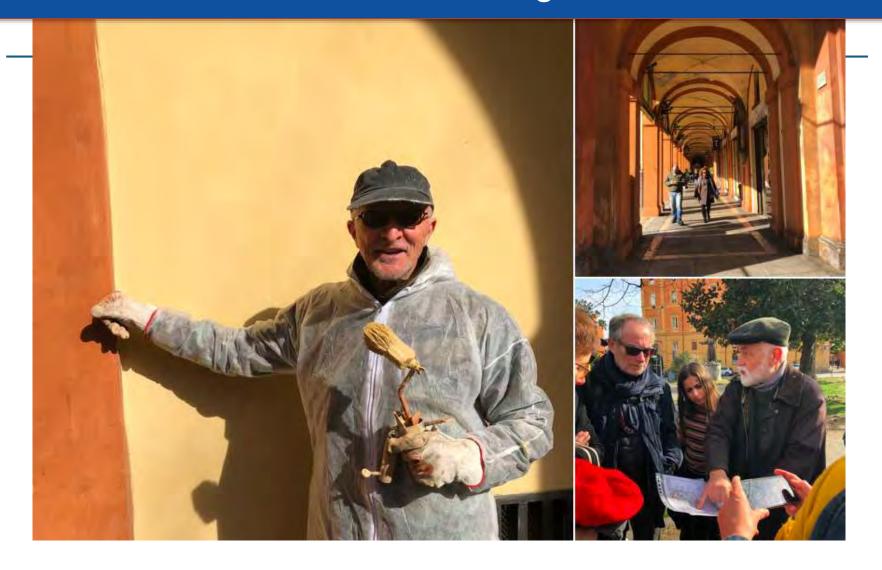
Models that are meant to be inclusive, to strengthen citizen engagement, for the general interest

Challenge: reaching out to audiences that are not necessarily voting citizens, being careful that these initiatives do not become a way for the municipality to make savings/employment in disguise, public service must be guaranteed and these schemes are an additional way of making "contributory" democracy

Possible inspirations and transpositions from Italian examples

- Recognition of common goods by a Grenoble charter
- Possible transposition of the Bologna shared administration regulation
- Broader reflection on the citizen's initiative to open up the Bologna framework even further:
 - Other "liberation" of places (IRIS swimming pools, former painting museum, abbey, etc.)
 - Pooling of wastelands and vacant spaces (Communa model)
 - Challenge of public service through the concepts of proximity services, services of general interest and platforms (sentenza 131/2020)
 - Rethinking the governance of the monitoring bodies of the Grenoble commons

MAINTENANCE OF ARCADES - the community to the rescue of architectural heritage



A SYSTEM THAT QUESTIONS THE FRENCH MODEL

SIMPLIFICATION AND CHANGE OF ATTITUDE

A flexible and agile legal system: it admits its imperfections, it is adjustable and evolutive

Systematic: all the municipality's support goes through the pacts, which is more legible for the citizen

Trust: a simple form of commitment, a priori acceptance of projects

SELF-REGULATION AND EQUAL ACCESS

Transparency (the fact that all pacts are easily accessible online)

Openness: A tool for cooperation with informal collectives or single citizens, open by definition to others who wish to join along the way,

CHANGE IN THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CITIZEN AND PUBLIC ACTOR:

A principle of improvement: the pacts must be additional to the public actor and cannot replace the existing missions of the municipality, and therefore come to fill "gaps".

A renewed relationship in its form between citizens and public administrations: The assistance of the administration in the realisation of projects in various forms, often other than financial, which favours real and practical cooperation between agents and citizens

QUESTIONS

- Towards sharing the burden of the general interest?
- What is the role and the modalities of action of the administration?
- Where do the notions of the common good and public space begin and end?
- Pacts in a context of decreasing funding: what is the risk of a shift from public service to citizen empowerment?
- A particular problem: responsibility

The new framework of coadministration

New concepts	New citizens' rights	New meanings	Recognition of citizens as subjects
Active citizen	Right to care for common property	Recognition of citizens as subjects	Recognition of citizens as subjects
Shared administration	Right of initiative and proposal to administrations	Integration of objectives rather than fragmentation	Regenerating to include
Civic maintenance of common property	The right to green and collective spaces, democratically managed and cared for	Reviving and respecting the soul of the place	Quality of life dependent on common goods, rather than market relationships
Collective responsibility	Right to shared administration and administrative alternatives	Co-responsible community/society	Building common ground with the public: horizontal subsidiarity
Civic humus (taking into account the multi-dimensionality of goods and their interconnections)	The right to collective- disseminated and networked organisation of common goods	Multiple meanings and functions of common goods	Connecting resources to the community and the community to resources

Gilda Farrell, intervention at the Grenoble Biennial of Cities in Transition

Win-win partnerships

- A mechanism for acculturation to the growing control and 'care' of the public space by the citizen
- Very strong energies as soon as a minimal framework and trust are established
- Agility: informal group, new and more flexible legal tools
- Active citizenship and not just "participation"
 = re-appropriation of the city
- A new link between administration and inhabitants

To do list

- Legal tools to be simplified (occasional public service employee, etc.) so as not to recreate an administrative barrier
- Take inspiration from the regulations of the city of Bologna
- Greater autonomy for residents to avoid overloading the technical teams with the challenge of security (legal, technical)
- A more horizontal organization
- The durability of partnerships
- Evaluation of the systems

Work in progress: a Grenoble charter

- A charter for common goods, contributory democracy and cooperative administration.
- The principles:
 - cooperation (opening up governance of the commons increasingly to stakeholders, opening up to citizens' contributions)
 - accessibility and support for empowerment / support to initiatives (communication, transparency on mechanisms, adaptation
 - valuing citizen expertise ("cooperation pact")
 .../...

Work in progress: a Grenoble charter

- legal innovation
- cooperative administration (cooperative and horizontal governance, interdepartmental cooperation, joint action)
- Contribution
- respect for the commons

On line Resources - 1

Vidéo Labsus : Enacting the commons Italie – projet Erasmus + accueil Labsus -

Bologne Turin Condove: février 2018

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1M2MsM6Rxzg&feature=youtu.be

Vidéo Mission Communs . Enacting the commons Bologna Pactes de collaboration Labsus montage mission communs Grenoble février 2019.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U_RGTRgjEWY&feature=youtu.be

Vidéo Mission Communs . Enacting the commons Bologne Pacte de collaboration Donato di Memmo interview longue Mission communs, février 2019

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JsOom1myZ-g&feature=youtu.be

Vidéo Mission Communs + Enacting the commons Bologne Pacte de Collaboration Donato di Memmo février 2019

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wFSZveBkrlw&feature=youtu.be

On line Resources - 2

Vidéo Mission Communs Enacting the commons Bologne Pacte de collaboration Santa Marta (Bologne) captation Mission communs Grenoble

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aZ5 -u08OOk&feature=youtu.be

Vidéo Mission Communs. Enacting the commons Erasmus+ Torino Pactes de collaboration Casa del Quartiere di San Salvario (Turin)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UUNj97Z7AiE&feature=youtu.be

Intervention de Xavier Perrin - ESASE -Colloque « Vous avez dit espace commun ? », novembre 2019

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= CZ 9m8DKP0&feature=youtu.be

Intervention de Gilda Farrel, Colloque ESASE (Ecole d'architecture de Saint-Etienne), Vous avez dit espace commun ?, novembre 2019

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z7z6amUIC_E&feature=youtu.be

Intervention de Xavier Perrin – Colloque INNOVATER (Gazette des communs/Territorial), septembre 2019 https://vimeo.com/showcase/6372194 code : 2019